

Autonomous Detection of Electromagnetic Interference in the GPS band

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Content

Background

- increased use of jammers
- Internet search
- needs – ideas - test

The portable detection system

- architecture
- measurements
- analyses
- interference classification

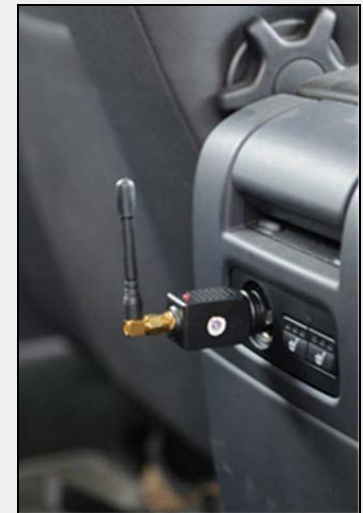
Results and Conclusions

Background – increased use of portable jammers

N.J. man fined \$32K for illegal GPS device that disrupted Newark airport system (8 Aug 2013)

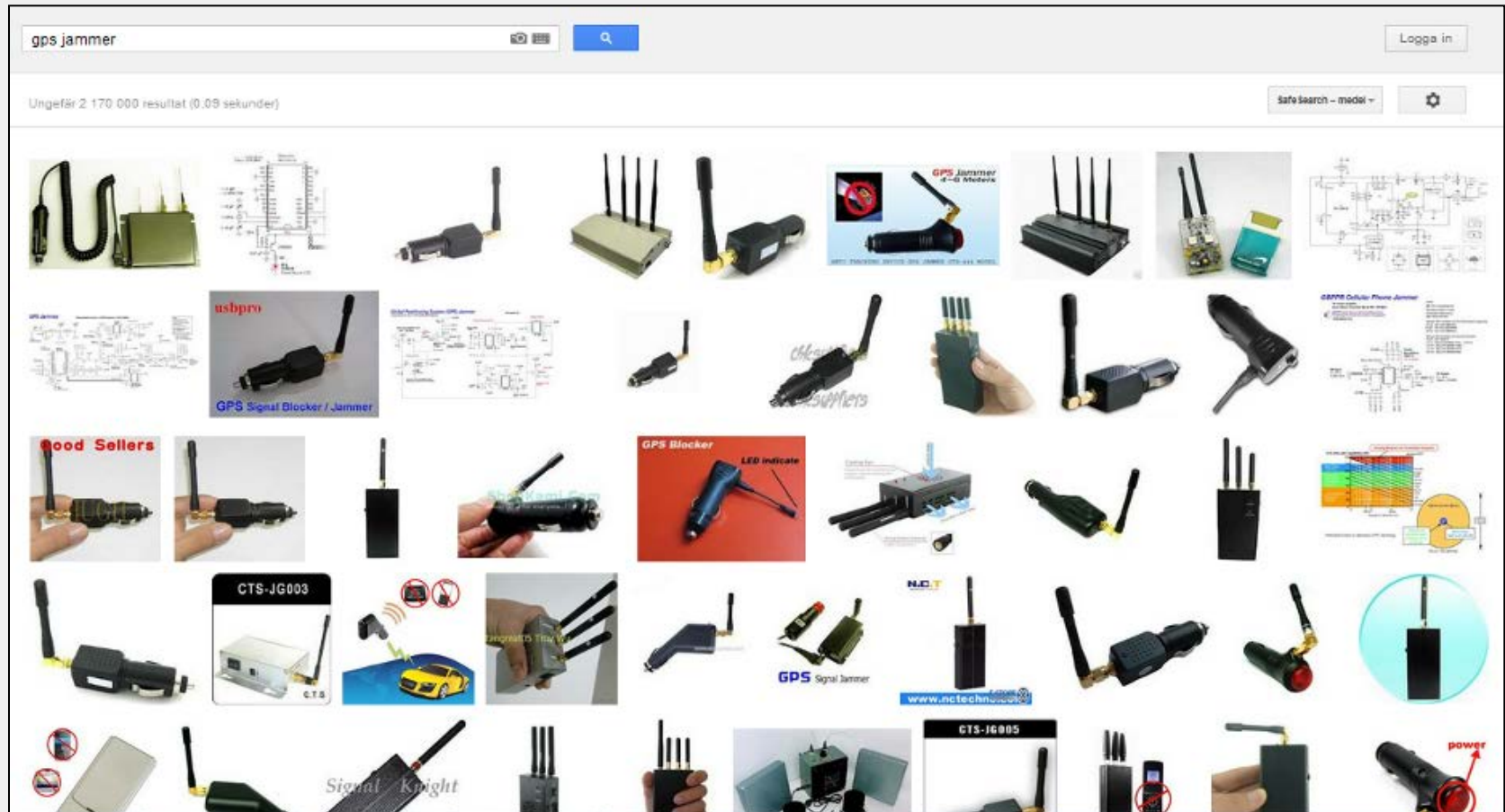


~300 mW (L1/L2)



~80 mW (L1)

Background - a search on the Internet...



Background – need/idea/test

Need

- Un-manned autonomous detection of GPS interference
- Analyses of occurrence, variation over time etc.

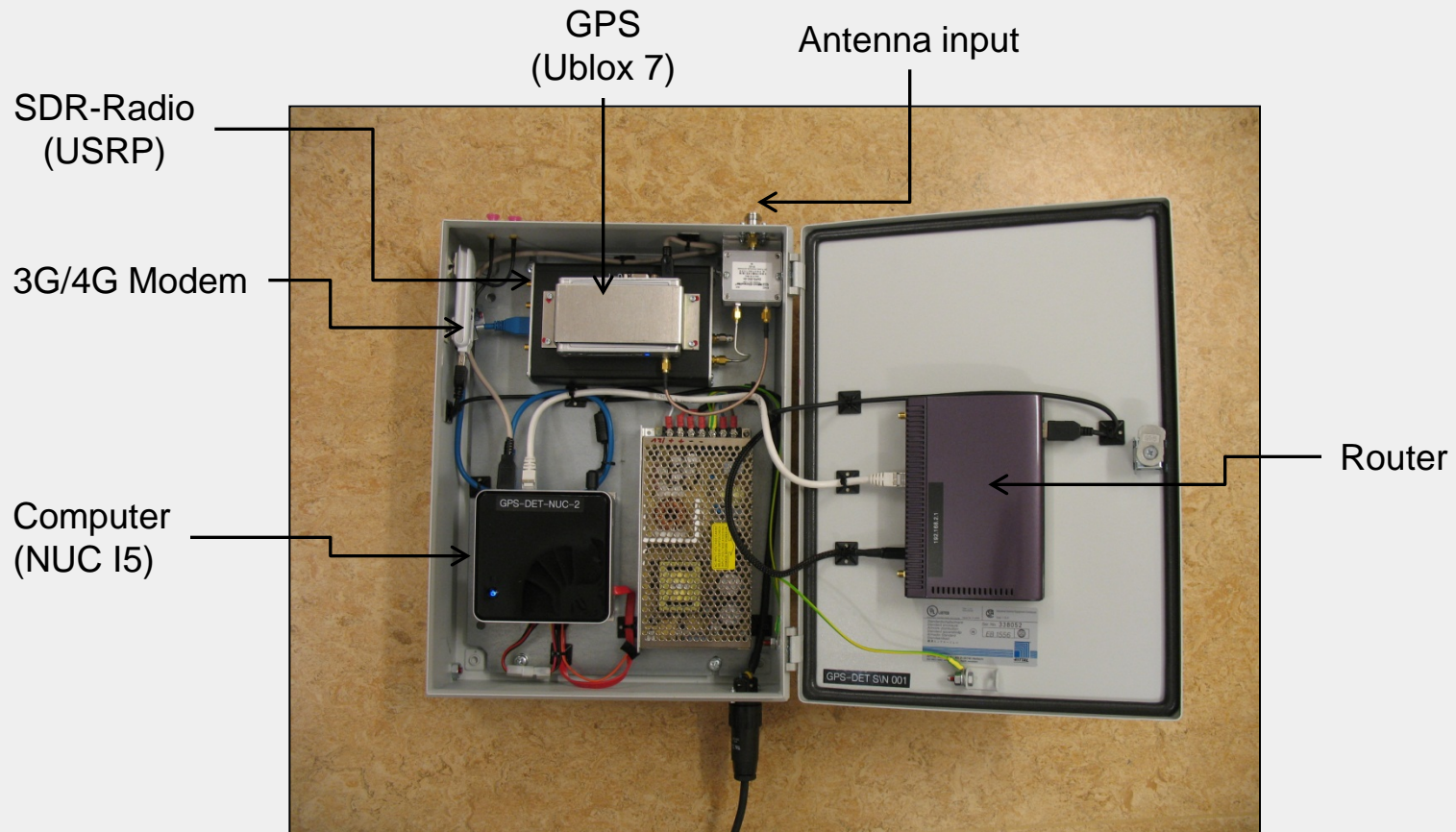
Idea

- Cooperation between Lantmäteriet and FOI
- Benefit from the infrastructure of the SWEPOS network
 - + coverage over almost the whole area of Sweden
 - + Infrastructure in place, controlled environment
 - certain distance from roads => lower levels from intentional jammers
- Benefit from a portable autonomous detection system developed by FOI

Test

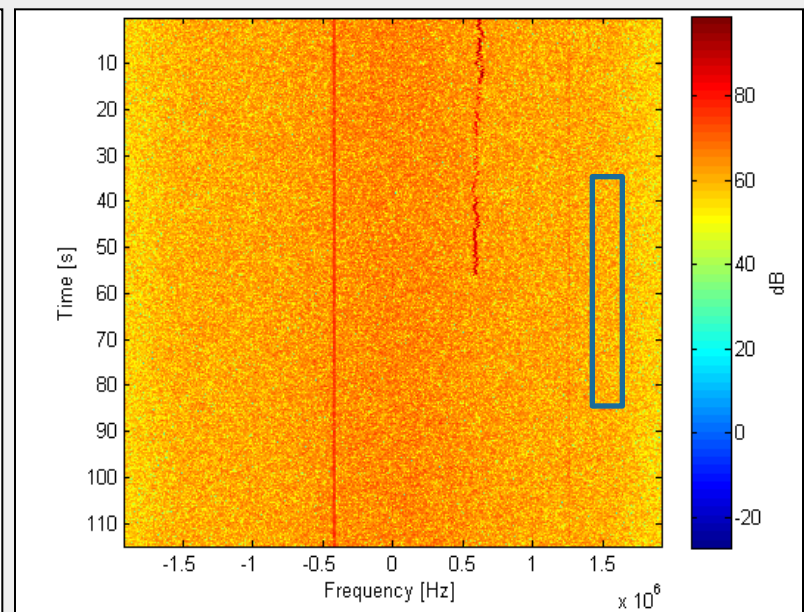
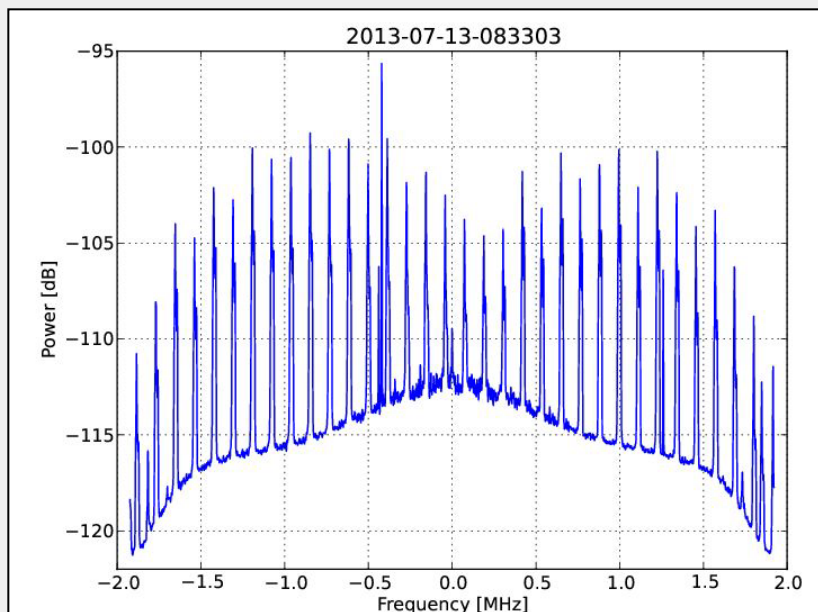
- Install the detection system in SWEPOS measurement station/s
- Evaluation of functionality and measurement results

Overview of detection system



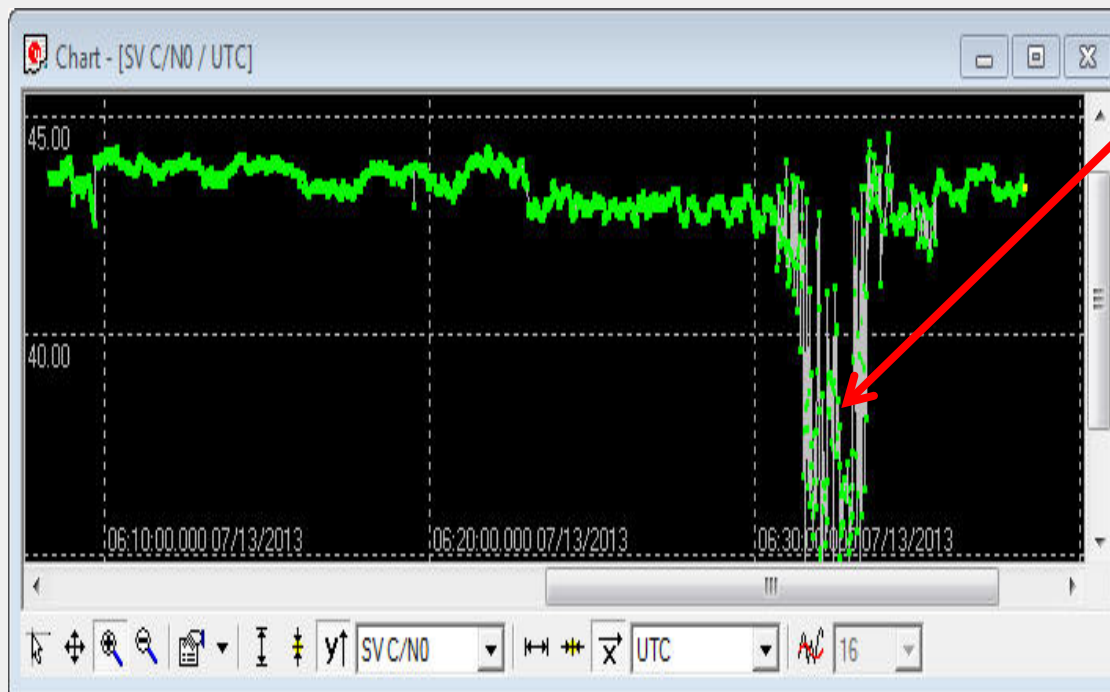
Example of detection, SDR

- Interference level & spectrum
- Impact on GPS-receiver (Ublox 7)



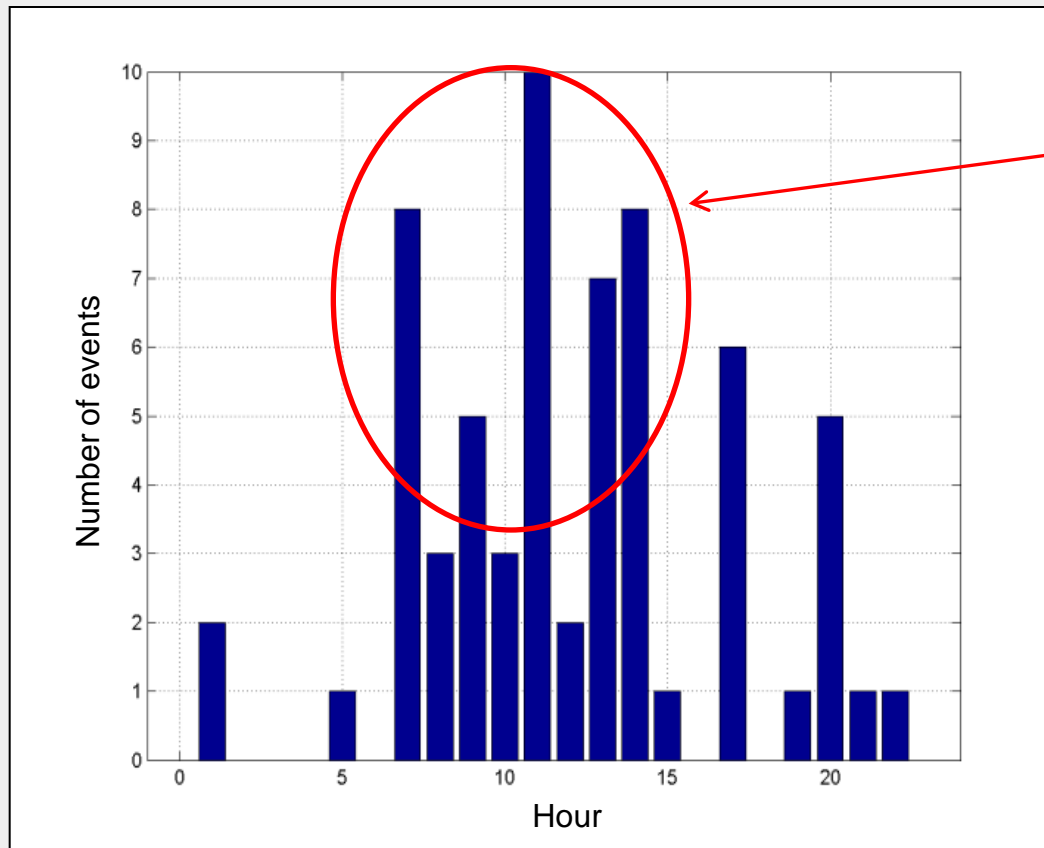
Example of detection, GNSS receiver

The variation of the signal-to-noise [dB/Hz] averaged over all tracked satellite signals.



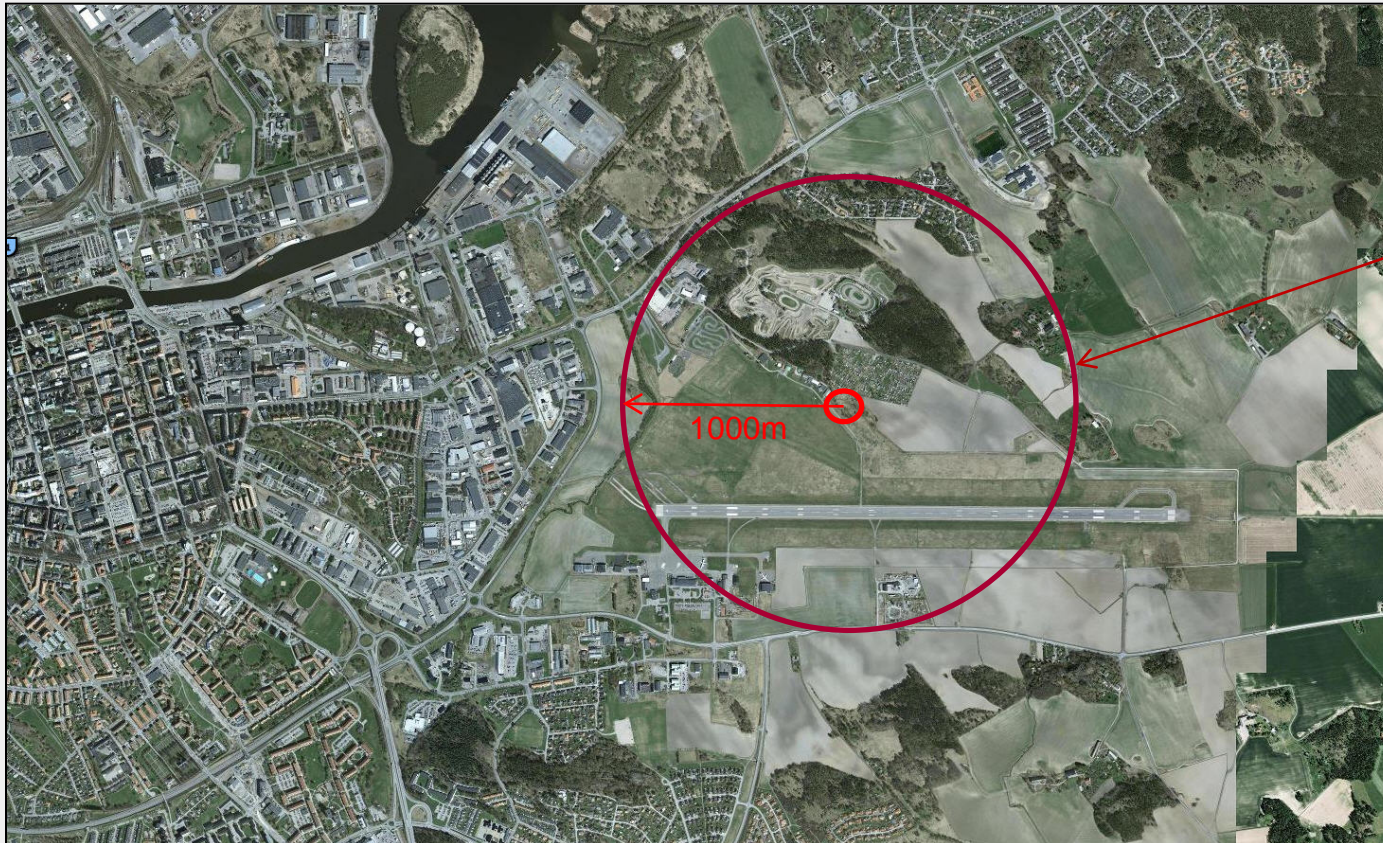
- Interference event
- duration ~2 min
 - loss of 1 satellite
 - C/N₀ decreased by 10 dB

Examples - analyses of events over time



Obviously "Man-made" interference at working hours

Overview of the test location



No traffic within
a 1 km range



Close-up of test location



Norrköping SWEPOS antenna

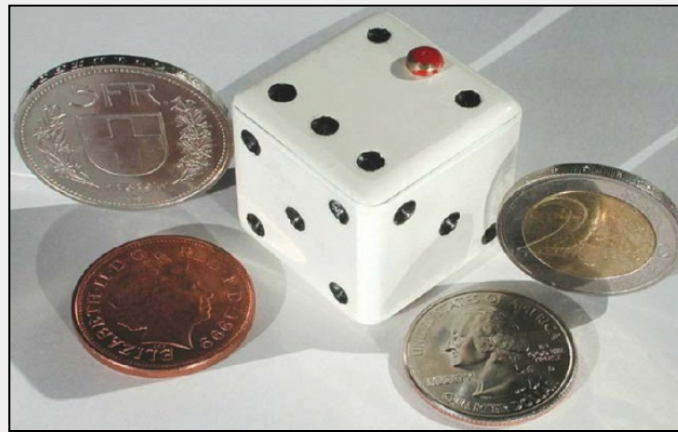


the detection system
is using the
SWEPOS reference
antenna

Results and conclusions

- No detections of jamming events were made during the test period (20/7 2013 until today)
- The location of this station is well suited, and “quiet”, if your intention is to receive GNSS-signals
- The location of this station is not optimal, and “to quiet”, if your intention is to detect GNSS jamming from vehicles
- Cooperation and use of Lantmäteriets infrastructure and SWEPOS network may be a good solution, but the used station needs to be closer to traffic
- The location of Lantmäteriets antennas and the antenna type (choke-ring antenna), might not be the best solution due to the attenuation of low azimuth angle signals

Questions?



Tiny "device" demonstrated by at a GNSS simulator conference 2006