



Kartverket

Weekly absolute gravity observations in Ny-Ålesund

Kristian Breili & Ove C. D. Omang

This work has been a joint cooperation between the Norwegian University of Life Sciences (NMBU) and the Norwegian Mapping Authority (NMA)



**Jon Glenn Omholt Gjevestad and
Bjørn Ragnvald Pettersen**



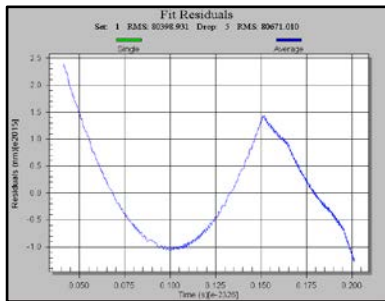
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**Kristian Breili, Ove C. D. Omang, Dagny I.
Lysaker, Moritz Sieber, Kent Roskifte, Geir
Mathiassen, and Åsmund Skjæveland**

This presentation focuses on weekly AG measurements from Ny-Ålesund, and the challenges we met when conducting the measurements



Background, motivation, and results

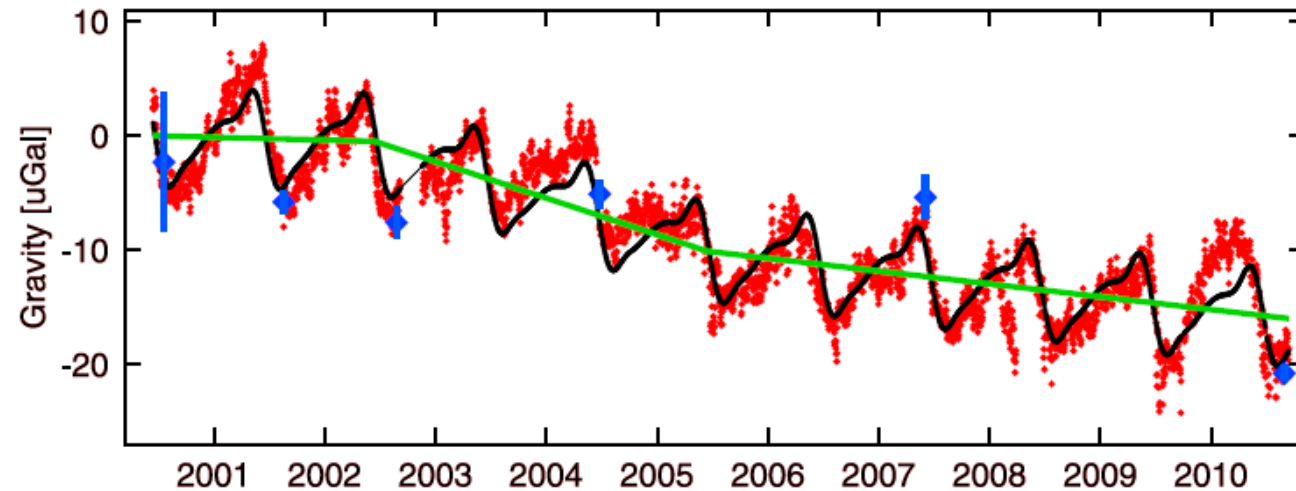


The effect of reducing the stop-time



The effect of a helium contaminated rubidium cell

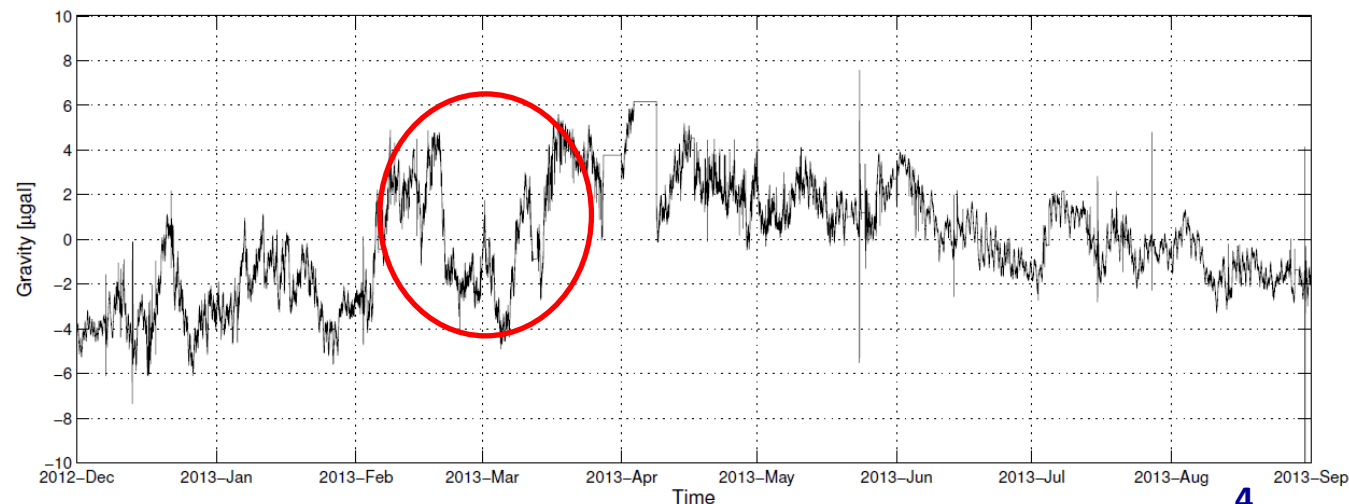
The main motivation for conducting weekly AG-campaigns was to investigate the variation seen in the SG-time series



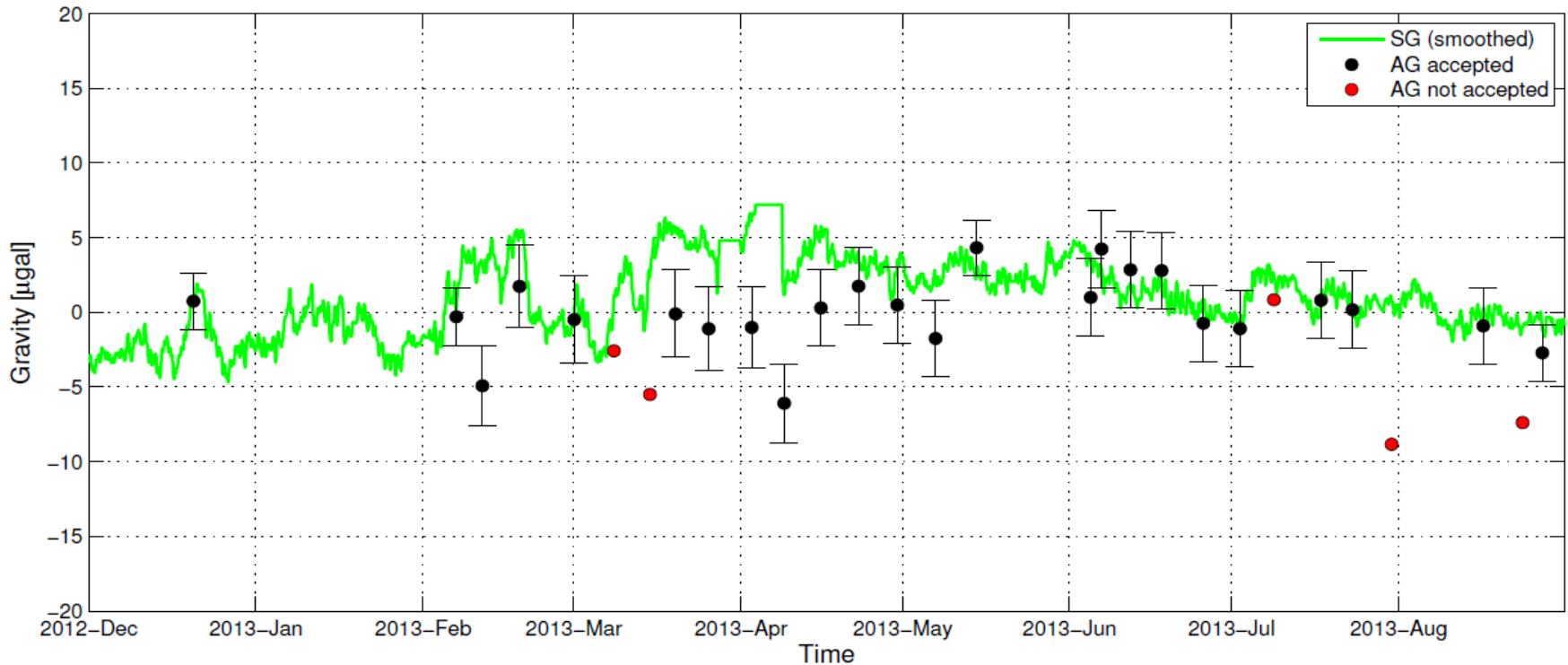
The seasonal signal is about 10 μgal peak to peak.

[Omang and Kierulf 2011]

In the SG-data, gravity changes time to time significantly within a few days – why?

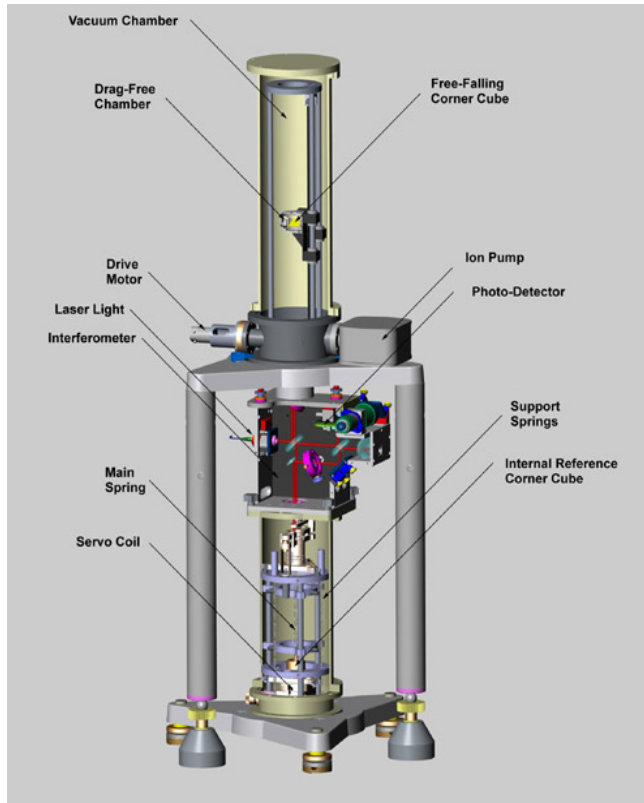


The AG-campaigns do not confirm all temporal variation in the SG-data!

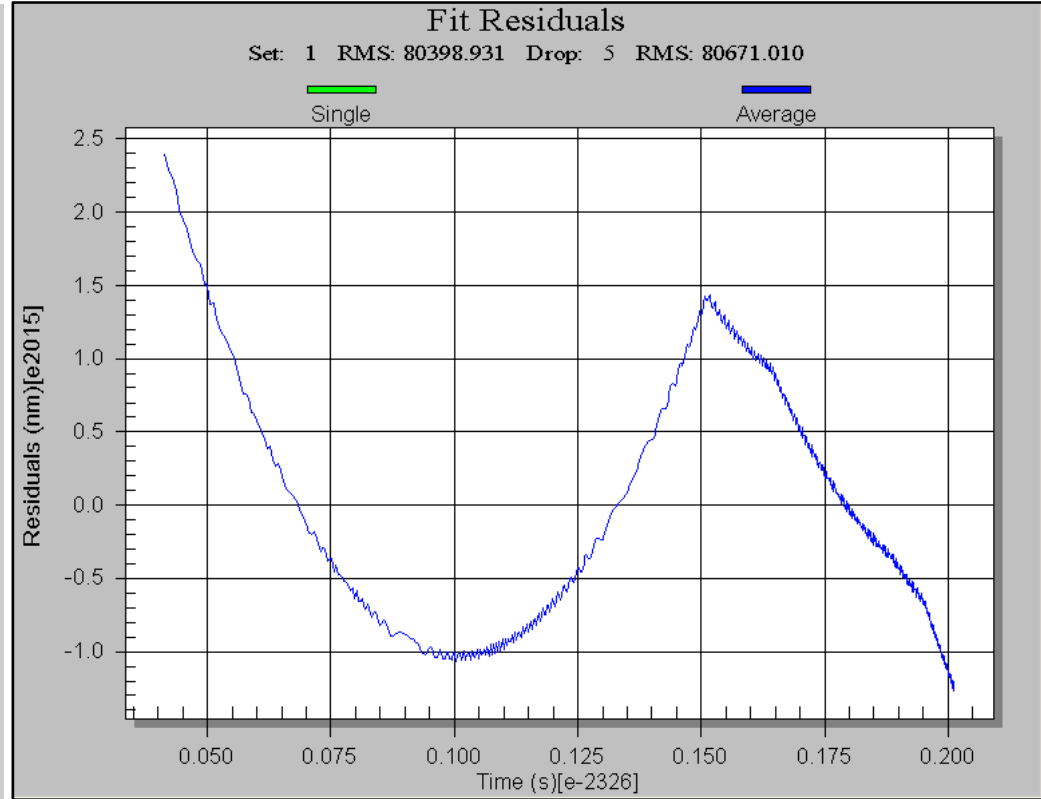


(1 $\mu\text{gal} = 10^{-8} \text{ m/s}^2$)

A mechanical problem inside the vacuum chamber reduced the length of many of the drops



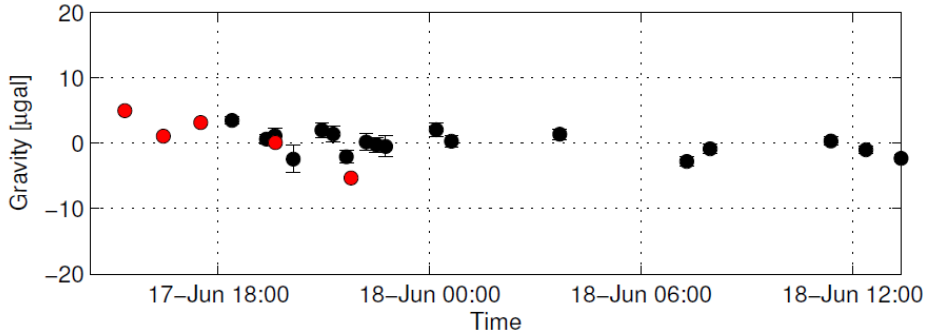
[Photo: www.microglacoste.com]



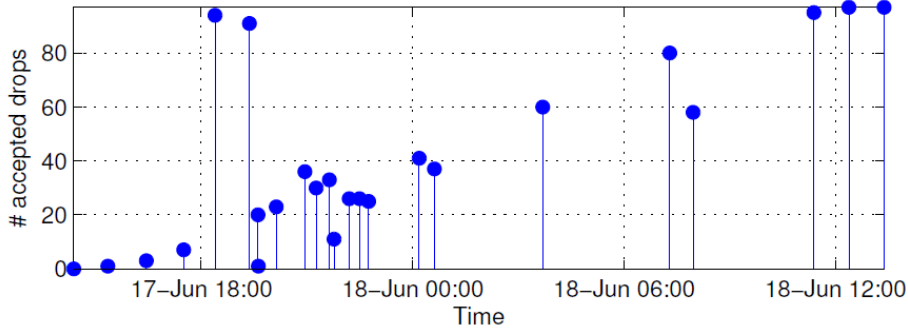
[Screenshot from the g6 software]

Data otherwise not possible to process, may be rescued by reducing the stop-time

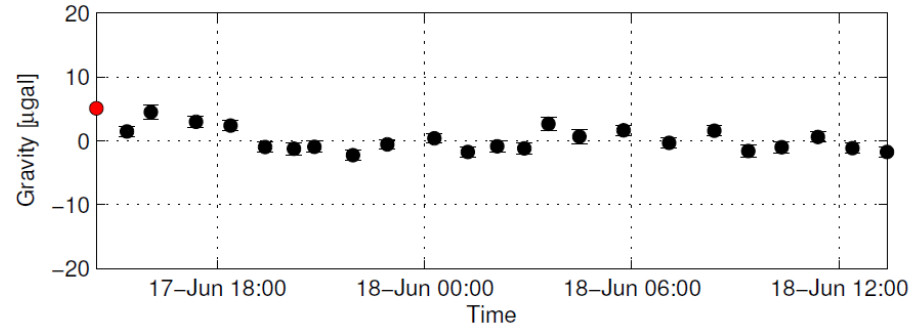
17-Jun-2013



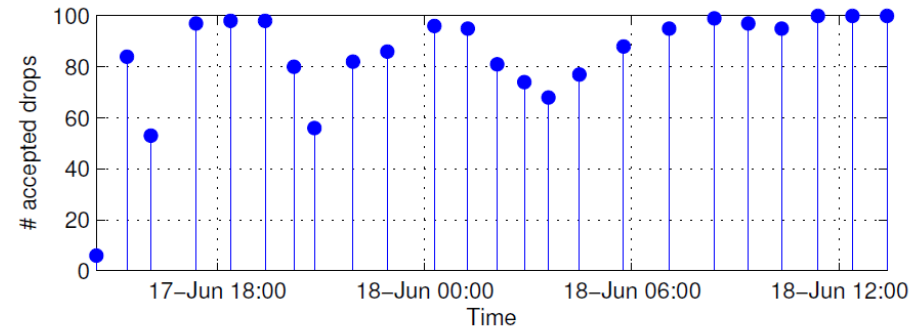
Stop time 180 ms



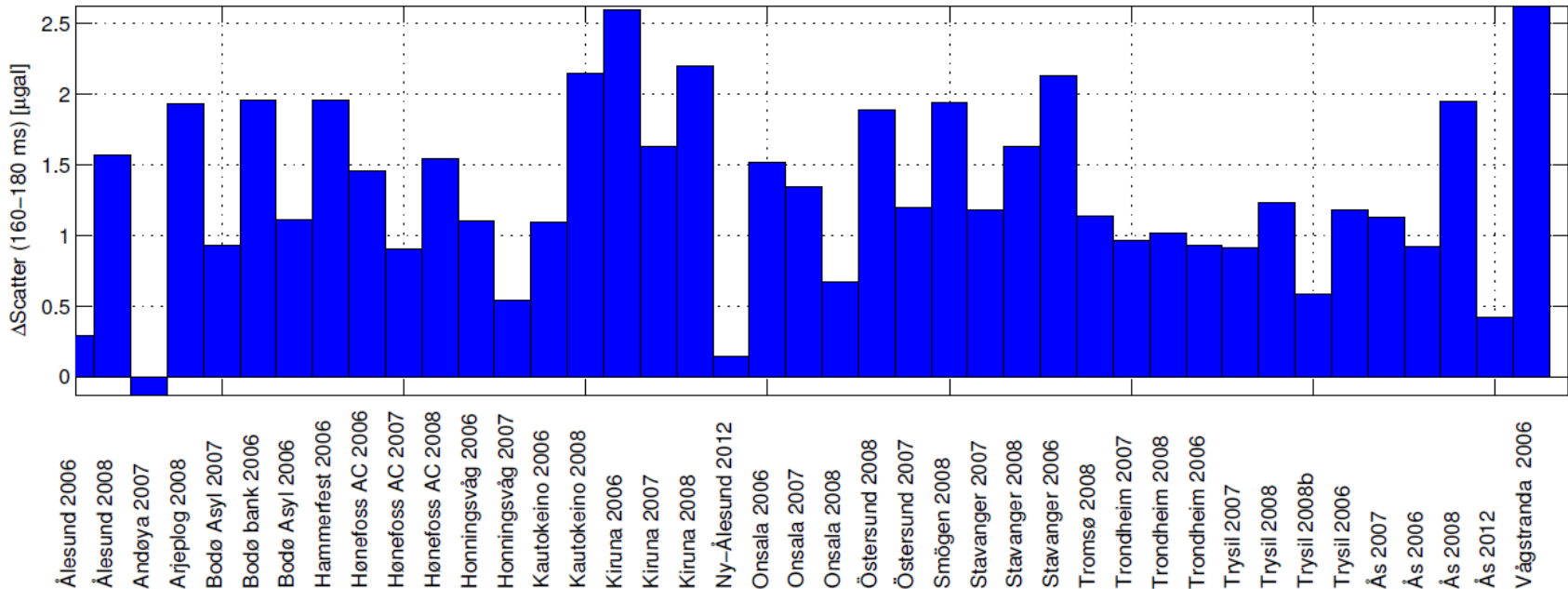
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Stop time 160 ms

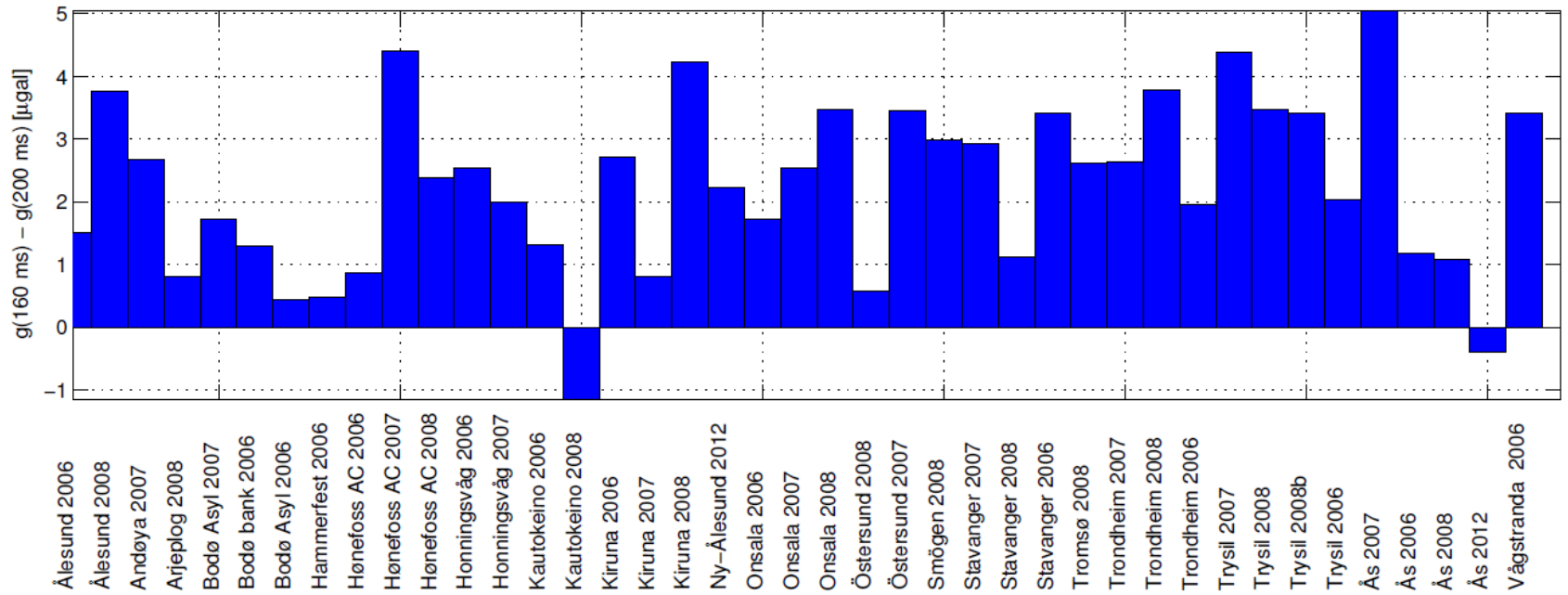


At all but one, the set scatter increased when reducing the stop time from 200 to 160 ms

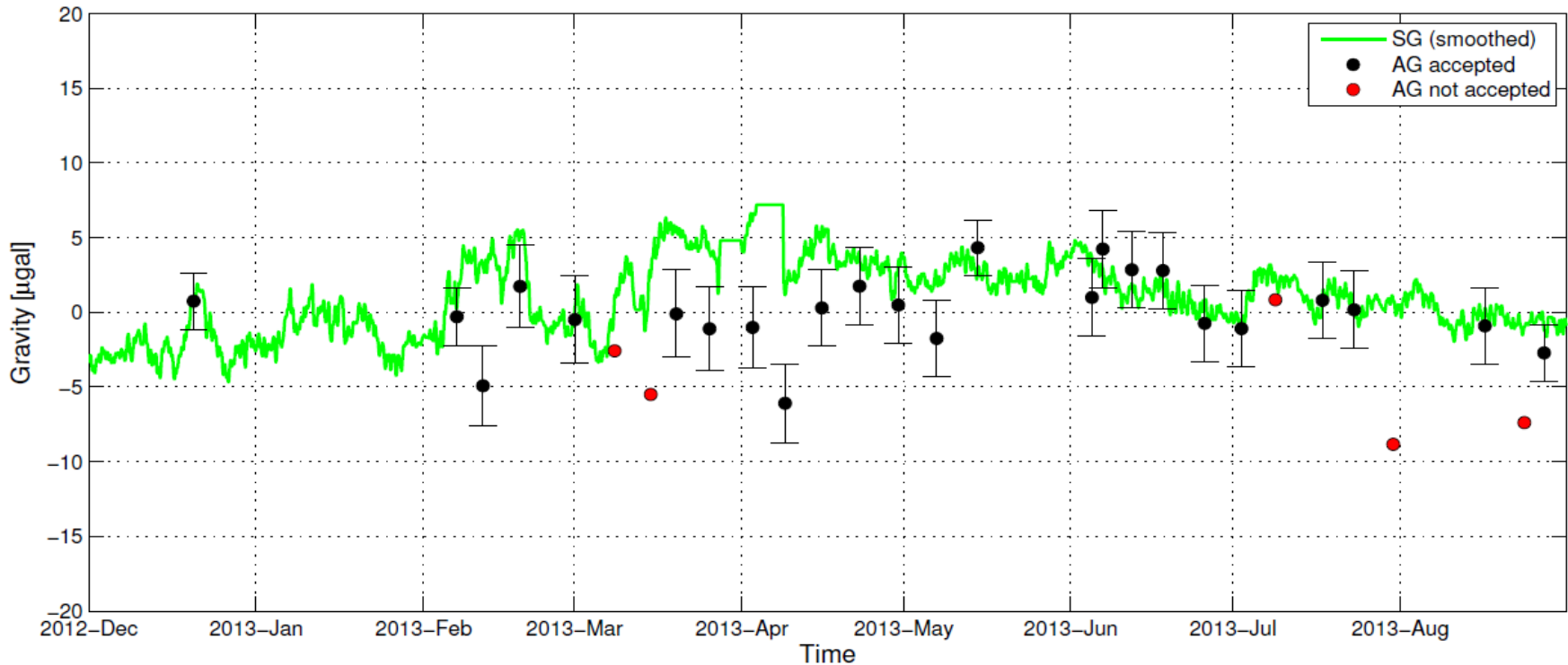


Note: Lower precision may be compensated by increasing the number of measurements

For 39 of 41 campaigns, gravity was largest when the stop time was reduced from 200 to 160 ms



The mechanical problem was most prominent during the spring and summer months

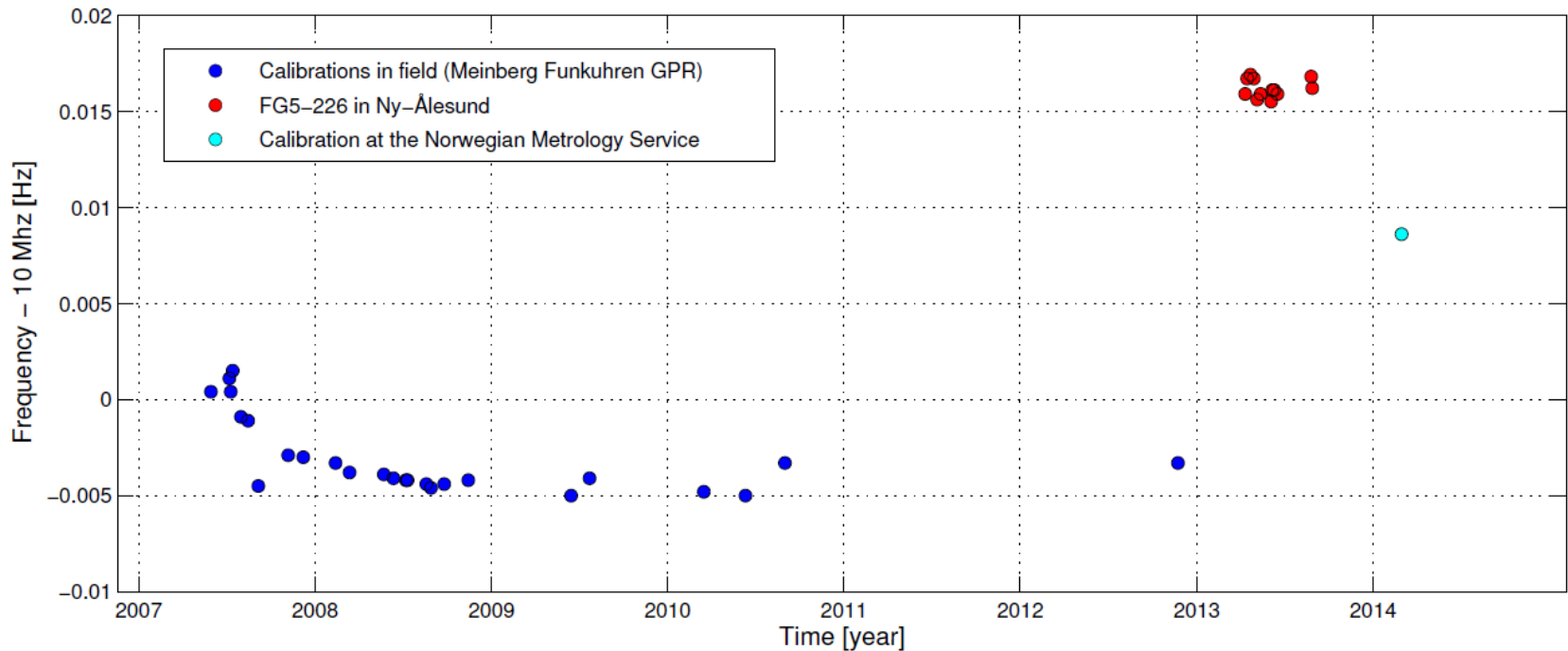


(1 $\mu\text{gal} = 10^{-8} \text{ m/s}^2$)

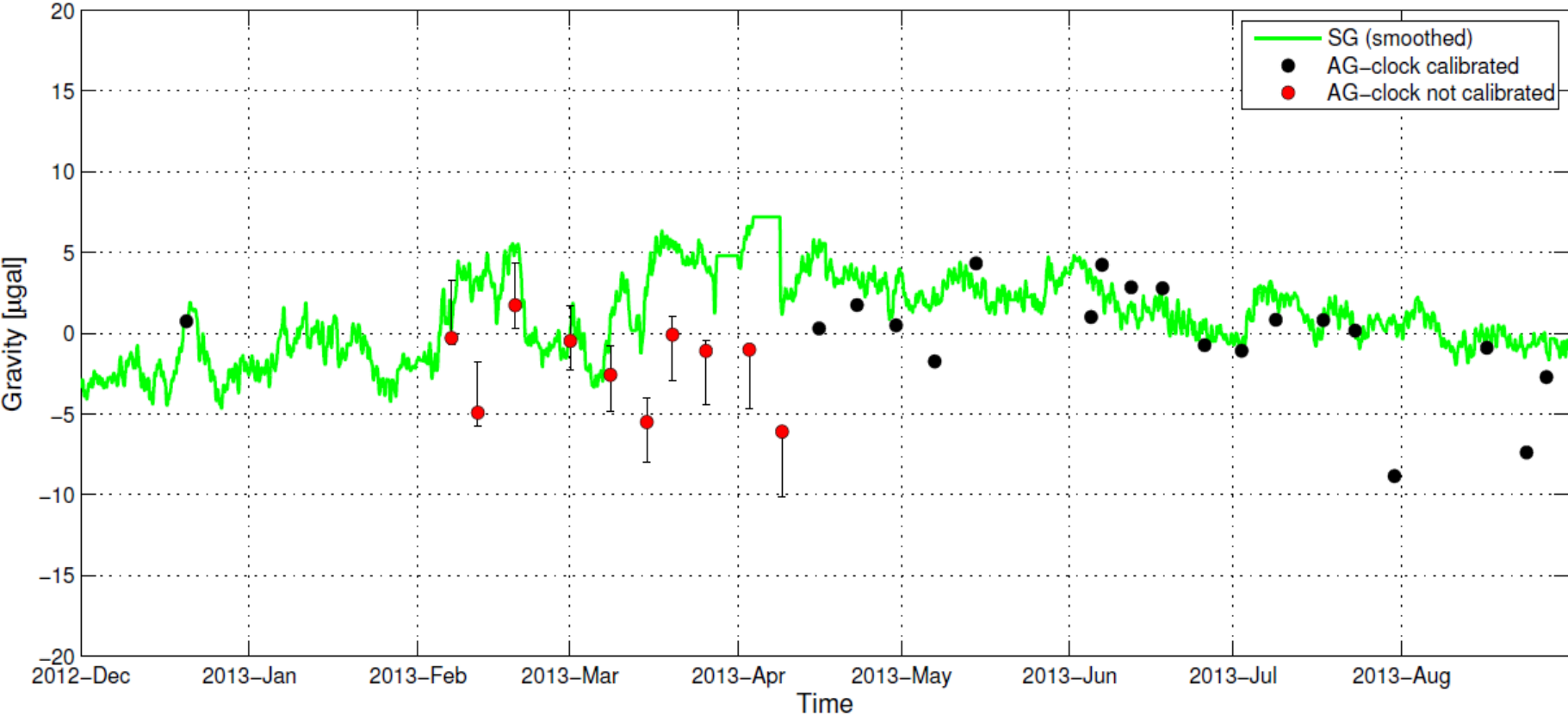
Helium molecules penetrated the rubidium cell and changed the frequency of the FG5-clock



The frequency of the AG-clock changed by about 0.02 Hz during the first three months in Ny-Ålesund. This corresponds to 4 μgal



The lack of clock-calibrations does not explain the differences between AG and SG seen in March and April



In summary, the origin of the day-to-day variation in the SG-data is still an open question

The *stop time* was reduced to 160 ms for all campaigns.

Helium changed the FG5-clock by 0.02 Hz corresponding to 4 μgal

